

Student Financial Services

Satisfactory Academic Progress Policy

A student receiving Federal Title IV financial aid or other financial aid directly administered or certified by the University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences (UAMS) must maintain satisfactory academic progress toward the completion of a certification or degree program of study. Satisfactory academic progress for financial aid recipients is measured by both quantitative (timeframe & pace of completion) and qualitative (grade-based) standards and is an assessment of a student's cumulative academic record at UAMS.

To ensure Satisfactory Academic Progress, students must meet all of the following standards and requirements. SAP is verified at the end of each payment period/semester (Fall, Spring & Summer.) At the end of the next term, if the student has not met the minimum requirements, the student will be placed on Financial Aid Warning/Probation.

- 1. Minimum Cumulative Grade Point Average (GPA)** - Students must maintain a grade point average of at least a "C" or its equivalent (2.0 for undergraduate/graduate programs excluding Graduate School-2.85 and CPH-3.00), or have an academic standing consistent with the institution's (individual college's) requirements for graduation (34 CFR 668.34).
- 2. Minimum Completion Standard for Attempted Credit Hours (Pace)** - Students must successfully complete 67% of UAMS attempted credit hours (including accepted transfer hours) to stay on pace to complete their degree.
- 3. Maximum Time Frame for Degree Completion (Timeframe)** - All colleges enforce their policy defining the maximum timeframe in which graduate students have to complete their program(s) (*See the College's Handbook/Website*). Undergraduate student's maximum time of enrollment is measured at 150% (Example: Bachelor's Degree = 120units, student has 180units to complete the degree).

A student is deemed to have met the qualitative requirements for satisfactory academic progress for financial aid purposes provided the student's academic status is not one of Academic Dismissal.

Transfer Credit:

For transfer students, the total years of credit hours includes time spent at the previous institution, to the extent that credit hours are transferred and applied toward the degree objective at this institution. Applicants must qualify and meet the individual college's admission requirements prior to enrollment. Transfer credit hours accepted by UAMS will be included in calculating both cumulative attempted credit hours and cumulative earned credit hours.

Official Withdrawal:

The Official withdrawal date is determined when the student begins the school's withdrawal process or the date the student provides notification of his/her intent to withdraw. *If both circumstances occur, use the **earlier** withdrawal date.*

Unofficial Withdrawals:

There are two categories of these unofficial withdrawals for purposes of the return of funds calculation.

First, if it is determined that a student did not begin the withdrawal process or otherwise notify the school of the intent to withdraw due to illness, accident, grievous personal loss, or other circumstances beyond the student's control, the withdrawal date is the date the school determines that the student ceased attendance because of the aforementioned applicable event. This special circumstance applies when:

1. A student who would have provided official notification to the school was prevented from doing so due to those circumstances.
2. A student withdrew due to circumstances beyond the student's control and a second party provided notification of the student's withdrawal on the student's behalf.

The second category of unofficial withdrawals encompasses all other withdrawals where official notification is not provided to UAMS. For these withdrawals, commonly known as dropouts, the withdrawal date is the midpoint of the payment period or period of enrollment, as applicable, or the last date of an academically related activity in which the student participated. The withdrawal date is determined no later than 30 days after the end of the earlier of (1) the payment period or the period of enrollment, (2) the academic year, or (3) the student's educational program. *FSA HB May 2016 5-61*

An unofficial withdrawal is determined by comparing the SSCR to our financial student database, or by notification from the registrar, or by confirmation of an unearned F. The registrars will request faculty to provide the last date of attendance for a student that is considered unofficially withdrawn. A Title IV Return of Funds calculation will be processed and may result in a portion of their aid being returned to the federal government.

**Incomplete grades, withdrawals, no credits and missing grades count the same as an "F" grade earned in class when evaluating hour completion.*

Administrative Withdrawals without Student Notification:

If the five Colleges or Graduate School administratively withdraw a student who has not notified the department of his or her intent to withdraw, the date of the withdrawal is the date the College or Graduate School terminates the student's enrollment.

Withdrawals for Programs Offered in Modules (*Standard, Non-standard & Non-term Programs*):

A student is considered to have withdrawn, for Title IV purposes, if the student ceases attendance at any point prior to completing the payment period or period of enrollment. However, the student may provide written confirmation, at the time of the withdrawal, that he or she will attend a module that begins later in the same payment period or period of enrollment and s/he will not be considered withdrawn.

In addition, for a student in a non-term or nonstandard-term program offered in modules, a student is considered to have withdrawn from the program if the student is not scheduled to begin another course within the payment period or period of enrollment for more than 45calendar days after the end of the module the student ceased attending, unless the student is on an approved leave of absence. So, for a student in a non-term or nonstandard-term program offered in modules who ceases attendance, the student is considered to have withdrawn for Title IV purposes unless the school obtains written confirmation from the student at the time of the withdrawal that he or she will attend a module that begins later in the same payment period or period of enrollment, provided the later module the student will attend begins no later than 45calendar days after the end of the module the student ceased attending. If a written confirmation of future attendance is

obtained but the student does not return as scheduled, the student is considered to have withdrawn from the payment period or period of enrollment. The student's withdrawal date and the total number of calendar days in the payment period or period of enrollment are the withdrawal date and total number of calendar days as of the student's last day of attendance (those that would have applied if the student had not provided written confirmation of future attendance).
FSA HB May 2016 5-61

Course Repetitions:

Students may repeat courses (including courses with a status of incomplete) but will be placed on financial aid probation if:

- The student's GPA is below the minimum requirement to proceed in the curriculum.
- The student does not make incremental progress as determined by the college and/or the Financial Aid Office.
- The student reaches the maximum timeframe for completion of his/her program of studies.

** A student may receive Title IV aid for any repetition of a course as long as the student has never passed the course. However, once a student has passed a course, the student may receive Title IV aid for only one retaking of that course. A student may not receive Title IV aid for any second or subsequent repetition of a passed course, and a second or subsequent repetition of a passed course may not be counted toward the student's enrollment status for Title IV purposes. All attempted credit hours will be considered in calculating the attempted and earned hours. Some repeated coursework may not be eligible for federal aid funds. FSA HB May 2016 5-5*

Financial Aid Warning/Appeals Process:

If the Financial Aid Office places a student on financial aid warning, s/he may continue to receive assistance under the Title IV, HEA programs for one payment period despite a determination that the student is not making SAP. Financial Aid Warning Status may be assigned without an appeal or other action by the student. Students who fail to meet SAP after the warning period loses their aid eligibility unless they successfully appeal and are placed on financial aid probation. Students who lose FSA eligibility will be notified, in writing, that their financial aid has been denied. Each student denied aid will automatically be given an option to appeal to the Financial Aid Office. The student must submit an appeal in writing to the Financial Aid Office with supporting documentation as to why the student failed to meet SAP standards, what has changed that will allow standards to be met within the next term and how the student will complete academic studies (submit a copy of the student's degree plan.) Each appeal will be reviewed by the Financial Aid office to determine whether there are circumstances beyond the student's control that prevented him or her from maintaining satisfactory progress. The decision of the Financial Aid Office is final in matters of appeal. The student will be notified in writing of the appeal decision.

Financial Aid Probation:

If the student's appeal is approved, the student is placed on Financial Aid Probation and may receive Title IV, HEA program funds for one payment period. Further, while a student is on financial aid probation, the school may choose to require the student to fulfill specific terms and conditions such as taking a reduced course load or enrolling in specific courses. At the end of one payment period on financial aid probation, the student must meet the College and Financial Aid's SAP standards or meet the requirements of the academic plan developed by the school to qualify for further Title IV, HEA program funds. If the student does not meet SAP at the end of one payment period on probation, the student loses FSA eligibility.

Reestablishing Aid Eligibility:

Students not meeting SAP and who have lost FSA eligibility may reestablish FSA eligibility by:

- Not exceeding the maximum timeframe;
- Complete at least 67% of the attempted cumulative hours as calculated; and
- Achieve the required UAMS cumulative GPA

If at the end of the following payment period, these requirements are met, the student will again be eligible for FSA Funds. The student will be notified of this result in writing.

Notification:

Students will be notified in writing of his/her status whether they are placed on financial aid warning/probation, has been removed from warning/probation and is now Title IV Eligible, if s/he loses FSA eligibility, how to reestablish FSA eligibility and result of appeal decisions.

If a student is denied aid, an SAP Hold, will be placed on his/her account, in GUS, to monitor/manage any requests for future awards.

College Information:

For additional Admissions, SAP, Handbook, etc. information, please visit the appropriate website of the College in which you are enrolled or plan to enroll.

[College of Health Professions](#)

[College of Medicine](#)

[College of Nursing](#)

[College of Pharmacy](#)

[College of Public Health](#)

[Graduate School](#)